TWO BODIES BECOVERED NEAR THE SCENE OF FAILURES, WITH IMMENSE LIABILITIES, LIKELY THE WRECK.

[SPECIAL DESPATCH TO THE HERALD BY CABLE.] LONDON, June 15, 1875. The body of Mr. E. Mannheimer, of Phil-

sdelphia, and the body of Mr. Ferdinand Kreuter, of New York, who were drowned at the time of the wreck of the steamship Schiller, have been recovered from the water near the scene of the disaster.

The bodies are greatly disfigured.

THE IRISH-AMERICAN RIFLE MATCH.

THE MEMBERS OF THE AMERICAN TEAM IN THE IBISH METROPOLIS.

DUBLIN, June 15, 1875. The American rifle team arrived here this even-

THE JOURNEY FROM CORK TO DUBLIN-CHEERS BY THE WAYSIDE-A GRAND BECEPTION BY THE CORPOBATION AND PROPLE OF THE METROPOLITAN CITY.

DUBLIN, June 15-Night. The American ridemen, accompanied by Major Leech and Alderman Manning, of Dublin, and a arge number of friends, left Cork on a special train for this city.

They were greeted with cheers at the various

Stations on the route.
THE RECEPTION IN THE METROPOLIS. The Lord Mayor and members of the corporation of the city of Dublin received them at the depot here and conducted them to carriages.

A procession was then formed, with a band at Its head, which escorted the guests through Sackville, Dawson and other principal streets to the Shelbourne Hotel. THE PEOPLE OUT IN GREAT FORCE,

The reception given the team by the populace was most enthusiastic. Immense crowds at the depot and along the entire route of the procession theered as long as the Americans were in sight. The ranway station and the streets were decorated, and the American and Irish flags were everywhere displayed. The enthusiasm culminated at the hotel, where

each member of the team was cheered as he alighted from his carriage. The people pressed forward to shake hands with them, and shouts of 'Welcome! welcome!" were heard on every side. Thousands of spectators remained in front of the hotel until a late hour of the night.

SERENADED. During the evening a procession, with bands of music and carrying flags and banners, marched to the place and serenaded the Americans.

A BANQUET. At the same time a panquet was in progress in the hotel.

Major Leech presided and made a speech warmly welcoming the riflemen and their friends to Ireland.

Colonel Gildersleeve responded for the visitors with neartfelt thanks. He declared that "their reception was far beyond anything they had anlicipated, although great were the expectations Americans entertained of the warmth of the

VON ARNIM'S CASE.

GERMAN JUDICIAL PROCEEDINGS AGAINST THE CONTUMACIOUS COUNT.

BERLIN, June 15, 1875. The case of Count Von Arnim was reopened to-day before the Kannuergericht. Councillor Steinhausen is the presiding Judge and Herr Luct the Public Prosecutor. SICE AND CONTUNACIOUS.

Count Von Arnim was absent in consequence of Illness, but the Court decided to proceed with the trial in contu

After the reading of the documents presented at the former trial the Court adjourned until to-mor-A STAR CHAMBER PROCEEDING. The spectators were obliged to retire during

the reading of the papers which bore on ecclesiastical matters. THE MOTION OF THE CROWN PROSECUTOR-

LEGAL ARGUMENTS ON BOTH SIDES. BERLIN, June 15-Evening.

In the trial of Count Von Arnim to-day the counsel for the prosecution urged that a criminal offence had been committed with regard to the two series of documents, for the retention of which the Municipal Court had acquitted the defendant. rears' imprisonment. THE LEGAL ARGUMENTS.

Both sides pleaded the incompetency of the Mu-

The counsel for the defence made this a ground for cemanding that the sentence of that court be annulled and the accused discharged from punishment and the payment of costs.

THE TROUBLE OF THE EX-STATESMAN NOT YET ENDED. LONDON, June 16-6 A. M.

The Berlin correspondent of the Times telegrapus that the Arnim case, whatever result the present trial may have, is sure to be ultimately referred to the supreme tribunal by appeal either of the defence or the prosecution.

THE PRUSSIAN DIET.

BERLIN, June 15, 1875. The session of the Prussian Diet was formally closed to-day. THE EUROPEAN IMPERIALISTS.

ADVICE FOR A RUSSIAN ALLIANCE WITH ENGLAND-A SIGNIFICANT HINT TO RAISER

WILLIAM. VIENNA, June 15, 1875. A sensation has been created here by the publisation in the St. Petersburg Golos of an article advocating an alliance between Russia and Engand, because the three Emperors have lost the power of guaranteeing peace, since "one member

thereof has become suspected of warlike designs." THE FATHER GENERAL OF THE JESUITS.

VIENNA, June 15, 1875. The Provincial Court has acquitted Wiesinger of the charge of attempting to defraud Fatner Bockx, General of the Jesuits.

WHAT BISMARCK'S "ADHERENT" SAYS OF HIM-BELF-A DEVOTED AGENT OF THE PRINCE CHANCELLOR.

In the course of the trial, Wiesinger declared that he was an adherent of Prince Bismarck and an enemy of the ultramontanes. His sole intention was to allure the Jesuits to acquiesce in an offer to assassinate Bismarck, and thereby give the latter reason for more energetic proceedings

He hoped that Bismarck or Schweinitz, the German Ambassador, would reward him for his

THE PEACE OF EUROPE,

LONDON, June 16-6 A. M. A despatch from Berlin to the Daily Telegraph reports that Prince Bismarck, before leaving for the country, received the foreign representatives, and gave each assurances of the peaceful disposi-

ITALY.

tion of Germany.

THE UNITED NATION TAKING MEASURES FOR

THE PUBLIC SAPETY. ROME, June 15, 1875. In the Chamber of Deputies to-day the debate on the Public Safety bill was continued. An order of the day was proposed, which was agreed to by the government, and passed by a majority of sevLONDON 'CHANGE.

TO BE ANNOUNCED.

LONDON, June 15-9 P. M. It is reported that circulars will be issued tomorrow announcing the failure of two firms whose principal connections are with the East. The habilities of one of them are said to amount to \$15,000,000.

THE FAILURE OF TWO TRADING FIRMS AN NOUNCED.

London, June 16-5 A. M. The morning papers announce the failure of Alexander Collie & Co., commission merchants, of London and Manchester, and Shand & Co., East India merchants, of No. 23 Rood lane. London. These are the two firms whose suspension was rumored last night.

The amount of their liabilities is not stated.

GERMANY AND AMERICA.

UNITED STATES OFFICERS FETED BY THE REP-RESENTATIVES OF THE IMPERIALISM.

BERLIN June 15, 1875. Among the distinguished guests at the banquet to Admiral Worden last night were General Von Stoach, Chief of the Admiralty, and Councillor Von Phillipsborn, Director of the Foreign Office.

Admiral Worden and the officers of his fleet accompanying him to Berlin dined with General Von Stosch to-night. VASTLY GRATIFIED.

The Admiral is highly gratified with his reception. He will remain a week in the city. The squadron will soon be joined by the Juniata and will probably proceed to Cronstadt.

A CARDINAL SERIOUSLY ILL. BERLIN, June 15, 1876. It is reported that the Cardinal Archbishep

Ledochowski is dangerously ill. [His Eminence Cardinal Ledochowski, Archhishop of Posen and Gneisen, in Prussian Poland. is still held in prison by the German imperial government. He was elevated to the Cardinalate by His Holiness the Pope at the same time as the Cardinal Archbishop of New York. Cardinal Ledochowski has suffered greatly in bodily health since his incarceration. The Cardinal's hat which is intended for him remains in the Vatican .- ED. HERALD.]

FRANCE.

PRESIDENTIAL CONGRATULATIONS TO THE SOLDIERS WHO WERE LATELY REVIEWED.

PARIS. June 15, 1875. President MacMahon has issued an order of the day congratulating the troops which took part in the grand review at Longchamps on their excellent bearing and discipline.

SPAIN.

DON CARLOS' SET-OFF TO THE ALFONSIST THRONE AND PARLIAMENT.

LONDON, June 15, 1875. A special despatch to the Times says Don Carlos has given his son the title of Prince of Asturias. He has also convoked the Biscay juntas to meet on the 27th inst., in order to contrast the attitude of the Carlists with that of the Alfonsists, whose government, he says, is afraid to summon the

BLOODSHED ON SHIPBOARD.

MUTINY AND BLOODSHED ON THE AMERICAN BRIG KALUNA.

LONDON, June 15-9 P. M. A bloody affray took place last night on board the brig Kaluna, Nash, master, from London for New York.

The second mate received several stab wounds, and was landed at Deat in a critical condition.

THE RIO GRANDE BORDER.

DETAILS OF THE FIGHT BETWEEN THE STATE TROOPS AND THE BAIDERS-CORTINA INCENSED AND PREPARING FOR ANOTHER BORDER WAR-MEXICAN TROOPS MOVING DOWN FROM MON-TEREY TO ARREST THE BANDITS.

GALVESTON, Texas, June 15, 1875. A special despatch from Brownsville to the News gives the following in reference to the fight between Captain McNeely's detachment of State troops and a band of cattle thieves below Brownsville on the 12th inst., in which twelve of the

raiders were killed :-One of the raiders escaped. He was wounded and reigned death, and crawled into high grass, where he escaped notice. He is now in Matamoros, and yesteriay had a ball extracted from his wound. The casualties of the raiders sum up twelve kined and one wounded. They loss beside eleven horses and saddles and all their arms, coneleven horses and saddies and all their arms, consisting of pixols and repeating rifes. Fivate S. B. Smith, of the State troops, who was killed in the fight, was buried yesterday. There was a large funeral procession, the soldiers and citizens generally turning out. Colonel herriam, of the regular army, and Colonel John S. Ford acted as marshals. The decessed received military burial. Captain McNeely was unable to pursue the raiders under Ricardo Flores, because his horses were broken down by hard service. General Certina is incensed at the killing of his cattle thieves. Inc Moxican papers say the raiders were assassinated while asieep. (aptain heNeely says it they were asleep as don't want to find any of them awake. Certina swears he will have revenge.

McNeely says if they were asleep as don't want to find any of them awake. Cortina swears he will have reveluge.

Contina is analysis and the cortina swears he will and has been preparing for a fight for more than a week. He has received a peremptory order to report in person at the City of Mexico. General Puero left Monterey tals morning on the march to Matamoros with 3,000 men. It is understood that he comes to apprehend Cortina. It is not known what the bricand chief intends to do, but he is preparing for some devilment, and will doubtless fight General Fuero if he thinks he can whip him. He may conclude to cross over to the side of the border line, place himself at the head of the Mexican squatters and lay waste the country, and then recross to the Mexican side and get pardoned by the supreme government. The troops here are on the alert, and the citizens of Brownsville are indopting delensive measures. No one knows what a day or an hour may bring lorth. There is no doubt at all as to the accountability of the Mexican authorities for the enormity of the outrages perpetriated by Mexicans and for the dangers how threatening the routier. Some of the Mexican officials are watching Cortina's movements with anxiety. Should he succeed now then every one of them with the marched to the Laguna and shot. They are earnessly trying to put him down, not from what he has done to the United States, but for what he may do to themselves.

THE ABORIGINES.

PERSONNEL OF THE COMMISSION TO NEGOTIATE WITH THE SIOUX.

WASHINGTON, June 15, 1875. The commission to treat with the Stoux Indians has been increased to eight members. As it was not known who would accept, and as invitations were extended to more than were actually needed, eight finally accepted. The following are the names:-Hon. William B. Allison, of lowa; Bishop E. R. Ames, of Allson, of lows; Bishop E. R. Ames, of Maryland; F. W. Palmer, of Illinois; Brigadier General Alfred H. Terry, United States army; Hon. Abram Comingo, of Missouri; Rev. S. D. Bisman, of Dakois; G. F. Beauvois, of Missouri, and J. R. Obelne, of New York. Joseph W. Dwyer was appointed secretary. The salary to each will be \$5 a day, with an allowance for necessary expenses.

THE M'GEHAN MURDER.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, June 15, 1575. The Coroner's jury in the McGehan murder case, at Hamilton, rendered a verdict to-day that Mc-Gehan died from gunsbot wounds indicted by some unknown person.

MRS. JARRATT'S MURDER.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., June 15, 1875. The prosecuting attorneys held an interview with Judge Frazier to day urging him to return Jesse Woodson to Murireesboro Jall, saying that His Honor's action in committing Woodson here reflected upon the citizens of that place. Judge Frazier cold them he would not give Wood out the most positive assurance that he would Woodson protests his innocence, and says that he can prove it by four negroes if allowed a fair PEACEFUL MINERS.

COLLAPSE AND FINAL CONCLUSION OF THE MINERS' STRIKE IN THE WIOMING REGION-THE MINERS' UNION MAKE A VIETUE OF NECESSITY.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., June 15, 1875. Peace has been restored to the Wyoming region at last, and the miners here have come out ahead in the race against Schuylkill county. was intimated in the despatch of last night, the preliminaries between the operators and the workingmen were settled upon yesterday afternoon, and the long and bitter contest between capital and labor has come to a temporary ending. It is understood that the basis of the arrangement is concession on both sides. The men, to save themselves from the effects of the disintegrating elements which threatened the existence of the Miners' Ucion, made a virtue of their necessities and concluded to go to work on the terms proposed by Mr. Charles Parrish and the individual operators hereabout who are embraced in the ring of the coal combination. This they have done under protest, which may be regarded as a sort of emollient for the bruises inflicted on their pride in coming down so suddenly. After so flerce, bitter and greatly prolonged resistance to the encroachments of their employers, this feasure of the arrangement indicates that the miners have no idea of allowing the truce in the hostillties to be permanent. They will renew the struggle at the first occasion which promises success, even in a most remote degree, and we shall have from time to time, and at the most unseasonable of times, too, a repetition of the strikes and scenes which in former years gave to the inhabitants of the anthracite coal regions such an unenviable

A PARTIAL VICTORY. The operators have won only a partial victory in securing a reduction of wages at this time and cannot count upon being able to fill their contracts with any degree of certainty after mines have been put into operation again. The miners are greatly dissatisfied with the aspect of their affairs, and resume work moody and surly.

mines have been put into operation again. The miners are grently dissatisfied with the aspect of their affairs, and resume work moody and surly. With such discontented and intractable elements everywhere distributed over the coal fields it is by no means difficult to predict that turnouts, disagreements, and general derangement of the business may be looked for almost any day, and that they will not be of intrequent occurrence. All the detains of the arrangement disave not been made public, but from a most reliable source it has been ascertained that the operators have also conceded something from the programme laid down by the combination last winter; not enough, however, to vittate in any degree the provisions of the compact onding the six great corporations governing the anthractic coal trade of the country. The darling and pet idea of the miners for several years past has seen the basis by which they are promised a snare in the mining of coal when the price exceeds a certain designated sum per tou.

THE OLD BASIS.

Mr. Charles Parrish, in the conference yesterday afternoon, agreed to retain the basis as it existed before the present suspension. Some conciliatory measures were consented to in regard to real's, and it was also sipulated that the suit against the raiders who weat from Sugar Notch to interfere with the men at Wanamie shall be withdrawn by the Lehigh and Wilkesoarre Coal company; so it will be seen toat mutual concession and forbearance has at last brought about a result which could have been attained four months ago as well as now if the linterest of the coal combination had permitted it to be done. The men have been fooled all through the contest and have inadvertenily been playing into the hands of the operators since the commencement of the suspension, and never most so than in yielding as toey have done. The ending has been in perfect Keeping with the commencement and continuation of the strike. The promise of basis is simply ticking the men with a straw. They never have reaped any benefit

thing of a sensation took place at the Hutchinson mine this morning.

Before the bour of going to work the old employes at the collery assembled in force and seemed inclined to pievent the new comers from going into the mine. It seemed that a collision was imminent, but the firm attitude assumed by Mr. Hutchinson fortunately prevented any violation of the peace. The men demanded that the blackleg miners should be dismissed, as the Union had determined that its members might return to labor. Mr. Hutchinson replied that the men had stood by him when he was in trouble, and he should stand by them now. The striking miners retired baffled and discomfided. A similar scone occurred at the East Boston mines near by, with a like result. The wretch who three an infernal machine into a miner's house in Kingston, on Sunday morning. a miner's house in Kingston, on Sunday morning, has been arrested and held to ball in heavy bonds for his appearance at the next term of the court.

THE SCHUYLEILL REGION STRIKE.

POTTSVILLE, Pa., June 15, 1875. The strike in the Schuylkill region is virtually ended. For some time it has been evident that the great majority of miners were auxious to work, but the irresponsible, shiftless and lawiess element overawed the men of sense. Finally, element overawed the men of sense. Finally, however, poverty, the suffering of their iamilies and the representations of the merchants who had given them credit to the amount of thousands of dollars, assisted by a united public sentiment, have driven them to the mine breasts. The Executive Committee of the Miners and Laborers' Renevolent Association were to have met in Pottsville to-day to devise a compromise or nit upon some fortor hope of continuing the strike. But the President of the continuing was not a word to be jound in the lexicon of the operators. Unwilling to openly confess defeat the leaders of the men were not to be seen to-day. The members of the Miners' committee weat of to their homes in great anger to order the districts to vote on the proposition to resume work on operators' terms. Though no news has yet been received from the districts there is no doubt but that they will all decide to work, as the men have been gradually entering the mines on their own responsibility. To-day the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron companies had fifteen collieries in operation and some six or eight more will resume to-morrow. About ten collieries owned by private individuals are working. Before a week is over it is confidently predicted the Schuyikil region will be in full blast, and there is intense rejoicing throughout the entire country over the news of resumption, and especially among merchants, who, by crediting the miners, have placed their business in jeopardy. however, poverty, the suffering of their

SENDING MINERS TO JAIL. CLEARFIELD, Pa., June 15, 1875.

The thirty-two striking miners who were found guilty last evening of conspiracy and riot, were called for sentence this alternoon. Judge Orvis divided the criminals into three classes and pronounced sentence as follows:--

The first class consisted of John H. Joyce, Prestdent of the Miners' Union of this region; Joan J. Maioney, Secretary: Ralph Parks, George Mc-Gowan, Thomas Eurondan and Mathias Mayer, who were sentenced to pay the costs of prosecu-tion, \$25 fine and to undergo an imprisonment of

one year.

The second class consisted of thirteen others, who were sentenced to pay costs of prosecution, a fine of \$25 each and imprisonment for sixty

a fine of \$25 each based of thirteen, on whom days.

The third class consisted of thirteen, on whom sentence was suspended, it being considered that they acted under control of the leaders.

Mr. Parks, Secretary of the National Union, was present, and after sentence was pronounced he seemed terribly distressed and shed tears in pro-

THE PALLIUM.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, June 15, 1875. Archbishop Wood, of Philadelphia, has nearly recovered from his recent attack of acute rheumatisin, and starts to-day in a special car Pulladelphia, where he will be invested on Thursday with the pallium. He is accompanied by Archbishop Parcei, of Cincinnati; Bishop Lider, Or Nateacz; Bishop Quintan, of Mobil; Mgr. Roncett, Dr. Ubaidi and several distinguished

ANOTHER DEFAULTER.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., June 15, 1875, James A. Chastaine, the defaulting bookkeeper of Ely, Harvey & Richardson, was arrested at Hot Springs, Ark., on Saturday, but was released on a writ of haseas corpus and escaped. The amount of ms defaction is not known, but will exceed \$10,000. Chastaine is from Georgia and respectably connected. WASHINGTON.

FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.

WASHINGTON, June 15, 1875. PRECAUTIONS OF FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS AGAINST

THE IMPORTATION OF THE COLORADO BEETLE. The Secretary of State has received official in formation that all vessels from American ports laden with potatoes will be embargoed it within Russian or German waters. These governments, it appears, are satisfied that the only way to prevent the importation of the Colorado occile is to refuse entry to all vessels that are likely to have the bug on board. In answer to the nequiry the State De partment states upon the best authority that the beetle is not a vehicle of disease, and is harmless even if bandled.

GENERAL WASHINGTON DESPATCHES.

WASHINGTON, June 15, 1875 PREPARING FOR THE OPERATION OF THE NEW

POSTAL TREATY. The Bureau of Foreign Mails of the Post Office Department is bustly occupied in the preparing necessary instructions and blanks for putting into operation the Postal Code arranged at the Treaty of Berne.

France made a stipulation, when agreeing to the treaty, that it should not take effect in her domain until January 1, 1876. As all the mails going from this country or England to Spain, Portugal and Greece must pass through France it is found that the uniform rate agreed upon-viz., five cents-will not carry a letter to those countries until after January 1, 1876, and after all the blanks had been sent out to the United States offices it became necessary to modify them all to meet this state of affairs, and it is now being done at the Government Printing office, causing considerable delay, although everything will be in readiness at the designated time, July 1. After next January the rates will be uniform.

THE MAIL CONTRACT FRAUDS-TRIAL OF HINDS

COMMENCED. In the Criminal Court to-day was commenced the trial of Jerome B. Hinds, late United States Marshal for Alabama, charged with complicity in certain fraudulent mail bids in connection with Kittle. All implicated in the frauds, including Kittle, who were witnesses against Hinds at the preliminary examination before the United States Commissioner, will be examined as witnesses against Hinds during the present trial. Hinds has summoned for his defence certain parties whose testimony is expected to reveal additional facts concerning traudulent bids and the subsidizing of cierks of other parties to secure con tracts.

LETTER OF CONGRATULATION FROM HIS EX-CELLENCY TO THE CZAR OF BUSSIA.

In accordance with the usual custom the President has addressed a letter to the Czar of Russia congratulating him upon the birth of a grand daughter. This letter of congratulation written in reply to one from the Czar of April 5, informing the President of that event.

CHANGE IN THE SIXTH AUDITOR'S OFFICE. There is now no doubt that Jacob M. McGrew of Ohio, for a long time Chief Clerk in the Sixth Auditor's office, will be appointed Auditor during the present week, in the place of ex-Congress man Sheats, of Alabama. It will be recollected that Sheats was appointed only about three months ago, but, for reasons satisfactory to the President, has been removed. He has been absent several weeks in Alabama, and will not, owing to the termination of his brief official authority, return.

THE PROPOSED PRIZE FIGHT.

THE FEELING IN PITTSBURG IN REFERENCE TO THE COMING FIGHT-TACTICS OF THE PRINCI-PALS.

Sam French's place, on Tenth street, is to-night

PITTSBURG, Pa., June 15, 1875.

the scene of a large gathering of the sporting fraternity, bent on learning the latest information concerning a proposed prize fight between Tom Allen and George Rooke. Telegrams have been flying all day long between the parties here and in the East concerning the progress made toward a selection of the final stakeholder, which seems now to be the stumbling block of a most annoying description. Rooke has not yet arrived in this city, but his friends here are hopeful and say that he will appear at the right moment. As soon as he learns that the stakeholder business has been settled he will come on immediately, passing through the city to avoid any chance of arrest, and will be the city to avoid any chance of arrest, and will be found at Laverpool, Onto, on Thursday morning. Allen to-day changed his quarters, as there was a whispering that the Uniet of Potice would cause his arrest, but he is not far away and is anxiously awaiting news from Rooke's party, saying that preliminaries have been satisfactorily arranged. He is in excellent condition, weigning 17a pounds, and means fight. The ground selected for the affray is said to be within four miles of East Liverpool, Onto, where boats have been engaged to transport the parties across the river either into the States of West Virginta or Pennsylvania, Allen will, it is likely, leave here to-morrow night, for the battle ground, and will appear in the ring ready for the conflict. If Rooke fails to appear, he will claim the stakes aiready up in the hands of Harry Hill. Pugnists of more or less notoriest, theres and samblers have been pouring into the city to-day, and to-night a large delegation of Allen's admitters from St. Louis have arrived, and to-morrow will witness additions to the delighting in inxure already on hand. Arthur Chambers, late last night became involved in a row with a local celegrity in a saloon on blamond street, and was severely handled. There was a difference of opinion regarding the ments of the men engaged to do nattle on Thursday, when Chambers struck him on the face, and a blow was given, followed up by several others. The parties were separated as soon as possible, and though Chambers was brused somewhat, he is all right again to-day. Scenes of this sort will lead Mayor McCatthy to make a determined effort to prevent any trains leaving the city desined for the fight, if there is to be such a thing. There is some betting at French's to-night. Allen being a lavorite at long odds. Tais man seems to be dead in carnest about the battle, and he promises, it Kooke is put before him, to waip him fairly and squarely within half an hour. found at Liverpool, Ohio, on Thursday morning.

THE DEFALCATION OF ABRAHAM JACKSON.

The schedule of the assets and liabilities of Abraham Jackson, the lawyer defaulter, filed in the United States Court, shows as toliows:—Lia-bilities, \$417,720; assets, \$151,618 85.

THE MAINE REPUBLICAN CONVEN-

TION.

PORTLAND, June 15, 1875. On the reassembling of the Republican State Convention at two o'cleck P. M. the committees reported and a series of resolutions were adopted strong in party tone. The salient points are as

That the Union of the States must be maintain

That the Union of the States must be maintained at all hazards. That the government is that of the nation, not of the confederacy.

That local self-government in matters purely local cust be adhered to. I hat there can be no legitimate conflict between the powers of the nation and of any State. That a sound correctey, based on coin and rede-mable in coin is essential to the prosperity of the people. That the most kindly and fraternal relations should be cultivated between all sections of the country.

Upon the first ballot General Selden Connor was nominated for Governor, receiving 497 out of 302 yotes cast.

REMARKABLE RESCUE.

PORT JERVIS, June 15, 1875. Last week a two year old child was lost in the woods near Blooming Grove, Pike county, Penn. For three days parties scoured the woods day and night. When the child was found he was unconscious and lying in a rattlesnake den. Four of the snakes and to be killed by the rescuer before the child could be founded. This is regarded as one of the most miraculous escapes ever recorded.

A FLIGHT OF GRASSHOPPERS.

The city is full of grass-hoppers, straggiers from the vast army which passed over here yesterday. Private gardens, fruit trees and all sorts of vegetetion has suffered to a great extent. Herald specials to-night from the principal portions of the State say the grasshoppers are passing over northward and doing little or no damage as yet. The crops are the finest ever known. THE NEW EVIDENCE

IMPOBIANT ACTION TAKEN BY THE PLAINTIFF'S COUNSEL-A CONSULTATION HELD YESTER-DAY-THE TRUTH OF THE STATEMENTS IM-PLICITLY RELIED ON -A MOTION TO OPEN THE CASE TO BE MADE.

The statements contained in the HERALD of Mon-

day in reference to the great scandal continued

throughout vesterday to form the principal topic

conversation in all classes of society, both in New York and Brooklyn. Naturally who sympathize with Rev. Henry Beecher professed to ridicule and pooh the value of this newly discovered evidence. As the day advanced the adjournment of the Court where the great trial is in progress took place without any motion being made by the counsel for the plainlooking toward the admission of testimony of Messrs Leys, Loader the and Price, the arguments on the part of Mr. Beecner's triends became stronger and more pronounced. They drew the conclusion that the plaintiff's side did not believe that these men could be relied upon or that they had any such knowledge as they profess to have. The partisans of Tilton, on the other hand, firmly believe that the HERALD article states the truth, and, in support of their views, referred to the circumstantial manner in which the facts and dates were given in the statements from each man. They stoutly maintained their belief tha some action would be taken. The independents were all of opinion that neither of the contestants can afford to ignore the matter, and expressed an opinion that the case will be reopened. They say tuat if the plaintiff's side do not make an effort to introduce the testimony it will show that they discredit the story. On the other hand, they argue that Beecher's counsel cannot object to the motion for the reason that if they do it will tend to show that they are afraid of its effect and that they cannot meet or refute it in such a manner as to convince the jury of their client's innocence.

It will be seen, however, by a reference to the interview with Judge Fullerton, an account of which follows, that it has already been determined after consultation to take action in the matter. and that he and his associates are fully convinced that Loader's and Price's story is true. The opinion of Mr. Beach is also given in regard to this matter, which is that the evidence will be ad-

Yesterday morning, in answer to the subpomas served upon them both, Loader and Price appeared at Judge Morris' office. They both entered that office separately, but met together there in the presence of the HERALD re porter. Loader was asked as Price came and before he had an opportunity to converse with him if he recognized Price. He replied "Yes, that's the man that worked with me in Tilton's house and he does not seem to have changed much in appearance for the last five or six years." Price, immediately upon seeing Loader, shook hands with him, at the same time expressing surprise that they should both meet again under such circumstances and after such a lapse of time.

THEIR APPIDAVITS were subsequently obtained, in which they fully and most completely confirm, under oath, all the statements contained in the reports of the interviews with them, as contained in the HERALD of

What use will be made of these affidavits will be seen elsewhere.

That the testimony of these men is considered of the greatest importance there is no room for doubt, and it seems that great efforts are being made and will be made to keep it out. Price states that as he has now been called upon in the proper way he intends to tell all he knows without lear or favor. and that his testimony on the witness stand, if he is called there, will fully substantiate the story already told.

Both men will be on hand to-day in case of need. Price, in order to avoid the too pressing attentions of the bost of interviewers who have besieged his home since Menday last, left town last night in company with a friend. He returns to-

WHAT JUDGE FULLERTON SAYS. After the adjournment of the Court conversation was had with Judge Fullerton and his opinion asked as to what course he and his colleagues intended to take, and whether they had concluded to make a motion to reopen the case. He said that after consulting together they had all come to the conclusion that they would have to do so. They had all read the affidavits of Price and Loader and the testimony they gave appears so straight and bears such an impress of truth that nothing else could be done. He did not think. however, he said, that the motion would be made would, in all probability, be brought up on Thursday. That point, however, he said, had yet

to be determined. MR. BEACH'S OPINION. Mr. Beach, yesterday afternoon after the adjournment, was also neard to give a decided opinirn that the new evidence would be admitted. He read a letter in the presence of Theodore Tilton and others which he had written to a friend in which he used the following terms:-"It is absolutely certain that the new evidence communicated through the HERALD will be admitted."

THE DRUGGIST LEYS. A despatch was sent to George C. Leys at Whitestone yesterday morning, requesting him to call at Judge Morris' office. To this he replied that unless his presence was absolutely needed be should prefer to wait until to-day, naving private business to attend to. It was finally agreed that he should come to the city to-day to be on hand if his testimony is needed in court.

AMUSEMENTS.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.

The entertainment effered at this house is well calculated to attract large audiences, despite the summer heat. A number of clever variety performances have been woven with considerable tact into the local sensational drama, Donovaus," and Messrs. Harrigan and Hart have ample opportunity for the display of their varied talents. They are certainly very amusing eccentric comedians, with a versatility truly astonishing. Whether they caricature our Ceitic citizens, in the "Mulligan Guards," or Cockney London, in their comic singers' sketch, they seem equally happy and effective. By themselves they would be well worth seeing, but supported, as they are, by a number of talented artists, they ought to command crowden houses. This week the imperial troupe of Japanese juggiers are added to the list of attractions, and their performance is as interesting as it is novel. This troupe has been gathered from the royal and princely households of Japan and represents the best skill of a people among whom leats of jugglery have attained the atmost perfection. Tho way in which these people illustrate the laws of equilibrium is truly wonderful. Their action is remarkably easy and graceful, and their feats are performed without any apparent effort. They will remain during the week and will well repay a visit. would be well worth seeing, but supported, as

A WOULD-BE WIFE MURDERER.

Anton Lippert, of No. 5 Cook street, Brooklyn, while crazy with rum on Monday night, attempted to all his wife Ida. He first seized her by the throat and attempted to choke her; but, finding ane was getting the better of him, he seized a table knife and tried to cut her throat. The noise of the stringle attracted the attention of Omeer Karcher, who was passing, and he forced his way in, just in time, Lippert having indicated two of three stight cuts on her lead, as she douged the strings at her throat. A quick application of the locust brought the fellow to terms, and yesterday justice Lames sent him to the Pentientiary for twenty-nine days, his wife recusing to complain avanues him.

CHAMBER OF LIFE INSURANCE.

COMMENCEMENT EXERCISES.

NEW YORK UNIVERSITY. The Commencement of the University of the City of New York will be held to-morrow, June 17, at hall-past ten o'clock A. M., in the Academy of Music. in the evening the annual meeting of the Alumni will be neid in the council room of the University. Class dinner occurs on Friday evening, the 18th inst., at the Hoffman House. On this occasion the literary programme will be filled by J. C. Tomilinson, class orator; J. A. Lott, Jr., poet; A. F. Hoffman, historian, and J. P. Crittenden, prophet.

BUTGERS' FEMALE COLLEGE. This popular institution will celebrate class day in the chapel. No. 489 Fifth avenue, at halfpast two o'clock this atternoon, and will hold its Commencement exercises in the Church of the Disciples, Madison avenue and Forty-fith street, to-morrow evening, at eight o'clock. The graduates of the year are Misses Emma C. Bohda, Eisle Crane, Hettle W. Darling, Lens A. Doscher, Margaret D. Griswold, Emma Samson, Mary W. Samson, Veca A. Sessions, M. Margaret U.W. and Josephine Wandell.

ST. AGNES' ACADEMY. The annual Commencement exercises at St.

Agnes' Academy of Our Lady of Mercy, in Eighty. first street, will take place to-day, and will be very interesting. All the pupils are young ladies, and many of them have reached a gratifying degree of proficiency, not only in the ornamental accomplishments, but also in the sterner disciplinary branches that fit young women to cope with the world. The exercises which will occur in the seminary to day will, howwhich will occur in the semiliary to day will, however, display only the lighter graces of the misses, Several hours will pass lightly with vocal and instrumental music and occasional intervals, during which medals will be given to young siris for their attainments in music, the art of composition, and above all, for that command over self which ensures constant amisulity toward schoolmants and thous. Fattery is an attendant upon seminary commencements, but it is the beautiful fattery of the souls of parents, relatives and friends by "music's golden torgne," speaking out of the barmonized souls and minds of beautiful young girls. young giris.

The annual Commencement at Packer Collegiate

Institute, in Joralemon street, Brooklyn, will take place in the chapel of the Institute to-morrow evening. Packer Institute is one of the oldest female seminaries in the country and one of the best. Some of its graduated have reached high places in literature. Class day was celebrated by the graduating class in the chapel of the institute.

CHARLIER INSTITUTE.

The closing exercises of the Charlier Institute, in West Fifty-eighth and Fifty-ninth streets, near the Central Park, will occur on Friday evening in the chapel on Fitty-eighth street. FIRE IN A DISTILLERY.

About half-past eight o'clock last night a fire broke out on the top floor of the three story brick building No. 443 West Thirty-first street, owned

and occupied by Robert Greeian as a distiller, and residence. The damage to stock and building will amount to over \$1,500; fully covered by insurance. The cause of the fire is at present unknown. THE WEATHER YESTERDAY. The following record will show the changes in

the temperature for the past twenty-four hours,

in comparison with the corresponding date of last

last year....

MAILS FOR EUROPE.

The steamship Algeria will leave this port on Wednesday for Queenstown and Liverpool The mails for Europe will close at the Post Office at half-past eleven o'clock A. M. THE NEW YORK HERALD-Edition for Europe-

will be ready at half-past eight o'clock in the

Single copies, in wrappers for mailing, six cents.

morning.

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an enamel but a medicine for the skin. Ladies are invited to test it before purchasing. For sale, wholesale and retail, at No. 3 West Ewenty dith street, Hoffman House. Price \$5 per bottle. MERIT IS ITS OWN SUCCESS.—SUPERIOR merits and capabilities, cheapness in price and cape of operation have placed the Willow Superior switch Marchael Company of the Property of the Construction, to make the Wilson every way the best, most pleusant and most durable sewing machine in existence. It is roof on easy monthly pagements at \$27 and \$29 Broadway, New York, 113 Fourth, Street, Brooklyn, v. D.; No. I swarra weening, Jersey City; 764 Brighth avenue, and at NACU'S, New York, This company wants a few more good agents.

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THE IRISH Wordald this week comes out in sixteen pages, eight of which are a supplement. It is full of the runker bid contenuist, nearlies a wery full and correct outline of that battle, it records and graphically like strates the services rendered by the Irish element at limber Hill.

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